





ALPHABETICAL INDEX OF CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES

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National Historic Sites

Marked on the Recommendation of the Historic Sites and Monuments Board of Canada.

ALBERTA

CALGARY—Central Park—Cairn to commemorate the arrival of the North West Mounted Police, August, 1875, and the establishment of Fort Calgary on the west bank of the Elbow River.
CLUNY—Blackfoot Indian Reserve—Cairn to commemorate the signing of the treaty with the Indians, Sept. 22, 1877, whereby they surrendered their rights to 50,000 square miles of territory in the southwest corner of Alberta.
EDMONTON—Near Provincial Administration Building—Cut-stone monument to commemorate the services of the Alberta Field Force during the North West Rebellion whose operations averted the danger of an Indian uprising in Alberta.
FORT ASSINIBOINE—Adjacent to main road—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Assiniboine and to commemorate an improvement in the year 1825 of the early transportation system of Western Canada.
FORT CHIPWEYAN—Near Dominion Observatory Station—Cairn to mark the site of Fort Chipewyan, built in 1788 on Old Fort Point and removed to its present location about 1804. This was the starting point of Sir Alexander Mackenzie's expeditions to the Arctic and Pacific Oceans.
FORT McMURRAY—Public School Grounds—Cairn to commemorate the events connected with ancient Methylene paper trade route, discovered in 1778 by Peter Pond, and used continuously for more than a century by fur traders and explorers.
FROG LAKE—Centenary—Cairn to the memory of those massacred there, April 2, 1885, by rebel Indians under Big Bear during the North West Rebellion.
JASPER—Near Canadian National Railway Station—Monument to commemorate the journey of the Overlanders from Upper and Lower Canada to Kailoaples and Cariboo in 1862.
JASPER NATIONAL PARK—Near Bridge over Athabasca River—Cairn to mark the site of Henry House, a post founded by the North West Company in 1811, which later became an important spring in the transportation system. Mouth of the Rocky River—Cairn to mark the site of Jasper House, a post built by the North West Company about 1813 at the northern end of Boulder Lake. Ruby at site of Cairn between 1827 and 1829. Old Fort Point, Eastern End of Bridge over Athabasca River—Cairn to commemorate the services of David Thompson of the North West Company 1789 - 1812.
L'AMOREUX—Main Road—Cairn to mark site of Fort Augustus, established by the North West Company, 1794, and Fort Edmonton, established by the Hudson's Bay Company, 1795. These forts were abandoned in 1807.
LETHBRIDGE—Galt Park—Cairn to mark the site of the first coal mine in Alberta, which was opened on the west bank of the Oldman River by Nicholas Sheran, 1872.
MACLEOD—Intersection of 2nd Ave. and 23rd St.—Cairn to commemorate the arrival of the North West Mounted Police under Colonel J. F. Macleod, C.M.G., October, 1874, and their establishment of this post, which brought law and order into a wild and lawless country.
PEACE RIVER—Lot 9, Shaftesbury Settlement—Cairn to mark the site of Fort York, in which Sir Alexander Mackenzie wintered in 1792-93, and from which he set out on his quest for the Western Sea.
ROCKY MOUNTAIN HOUSE—Main Highway—Cairn to mark the site of this post built by the North West Company in 1799 and occupied on different occasions by David Thompson. Small plaque affixed to one of the two remaining chimneys which are being preserved as rare examples of the late nineteenth century built by the fur traders in their forts long before that region had a settled population.
WETASKIWIN—Edward St.—Cut-stone monument to commemorate the public service of John A. Fisher, L.C.P.S. and Rev. John McQuiggin, whose influence with the Indians, during the troublous days of 1885, was a powerful factor in the preservation of peace in Alberta.

General Information for Tourists

CANADIAN CUSTOMS REGULATIONS

For Forty-eight Hours

Automobiles may be entered at any Canadian port for touring purposes only for a period not exceeding 48 hours by the owner surrendering his State license card, which is handed to him on his return journey.

For Two to Sixty Days

For a period of sixty days a tourist may bring his car into Canada for touring purposes only and return by the port of entry or any other port without bond or deposit, the only requirements being the possession of a state license identifying the car, and the completion of the necessary duplicate customs forms, on which particulars of the car are recorded. One form is retained by the Customs Officer and the other by the motorist, which is to be surrendered by him at any port of exit on leaving Canada.

For Two to Six Months

An extension of the above sixty-day permit to six months from the original date of entry may be obtained without bond or deposit by making application to any Customs Office in Canada before the expiration of the sixty-day period. The automobile if any tourist not returning within the time limit specified on his permit is liable to seizure. Should an untimely delay occur, prolonging the time of stay in Canada beyond that mentioned in the tourist's permit, the Customs Department, Ottawa, should be communicated with at once.

Tourist's Outfits

Entry is permitted into Canada, without deposit of rifles, shotguns, fishing tackle, golf clubs, tennis racquets, outdoor motors, tent and camp equipment, and cameras previously used by the tourist and imported for personal use. Dogs and other animals imported for hunting or as pets are also admitted without deposit.

Furnishings

The Dominion Government Regulations permit the importation of rifles and shotguns by tourists, but it is necessary that such firearms be registered with the Police Authorities upon arrival at destination in Canada.

In the case of revolvers it is necessary that Police Permit be obtained from the Canadian Police authorities and then forwarded to the nearest Royal Canadian Mounted Police office, Customs and Excise Division, Ottawa, for Import Permit. A deposit equal to duty and taxes payable on revolvers is collected which will be refunded when proof of export is furnished.

The entry of automatic firearms and revolvers is prohibited.

Goods

Reasonable quantities of consumable goods are admitted duty free, such as fifty rounds of ammunition, gasoline and oil sufficient for three hundred miles by automobile, one or two days food supply and small quantity of positive film.

EXTRACT FROM UNITED STATES TAXIF REGULATIONS

Residents of the United States returning from abroad may bring in free of duty articles up to, but not exceeding \$100.00 in value, acquired abroad for personal or household use, or as souvenirs or curios, if not intended for sale or purchased on commission for other persons. Such articles may be admitted free notwithstanding that they do not accompany the residents providing they were actually purchased by them when abroad.

All articles for which it is intended to claim exemptions must be declared at the time of entry whether accompanying or not.

Each member of a family is entitled to the exemption of \$100.00 for such articles purchased abroad. When a husband and wife travel alone, or dependent children are travelling together all articles included within such exemption may be grouped and allowances made without regard to which member they belong.

A resident of the United States shall not take advantage of the exemption thus granted within a period of 30 days from the last exemption claimed.

If a full \$100.00 exemption is not claimed the balance cannot be allowed on any subsequent trip.

SOME RULES OF THE ROAD

DRIVE CAREFULLY. KEEP TO THE RIGHT OF ROAD.
DO NOT CUT IN. Inadequate cutting or in or traffic is one of the greatest dangers of the road.
OBSERVE AND OBEY ALL HIGHWAY SIGNS.
DO NOT ATTEMPT TO PASS OTHER VEHICLES ON CURVES, AT INTERSECTIONS OR ON BRIDGES.
Always indicate your intention before turning or stopping.
IF INVOLVED IN AN ACCIDENT, return to the scene of the accident and notify the police.
WHEN DRIVING AT NIGHT always dim your lights for oncoming vehicles.
DO NOT PARK on the travelled portion of a highway unless a clear and unobstructed width is left for the passage of other vehicles and unless a clear view of the parked vehicle can be obtained for a distance of two hundred feet each way.

ALBERTA

CANADA

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